

Solutions to Sample problems for Final for Math 233

- Please attempt the problems before looking at the solutions.
 - Please email me if you find any mistakes or typos.
-

- (a) $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-y^2} xy + 2x + 3y \, dx \, dy = 41/30$
 - (b) $\int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} xe^y \, dy \, dx = (e - 2)/2$
 - (c) $\int_{-2}^2 \int_{x^2-3}^{5-x^2} xy \, dy \, dx = 0$
- (a) $\int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^3 r^4 \, dr \, d\theta = 81\pi/5$
 - (b) $\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \int_0^2 r^3 \, dr \, d\theta = 4\pi$
- $\int_0^{1/2} \int_0^{2x} e^{-x^2} \, dy \, dx = \int_0^{1/2} 2x e^{-x^2} \, dx = 1 - e^{-1/4}$
- $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^4 \sqrt{1+4r^2} r \, dr \, d\theta = (\pi/24)(65^{3/2} - 1)$
- (a) $\int_0^2 \int_0^{2x} \int_0^x x^2 \, dz \, dy \, dx = 64/5$
 - (b) $\int_0^1 \int_0^{2-2x} \int_0^{2-y-2x} y \, dz \, dy \, dx = 1/3$
- (a) $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \int_0^{1-r^2} r^3 \, dz \, dr \, d\theta = \pi/6$
 - (b) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \rho^8 \cos^5 \phi \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\phi = \pi/27$
- (a) Cylindrical. $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \int_{-\sqrt{64-4r^2}}^{\sqrt{64-4r^2}} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$
 - (b) Cylindrical. $\int_0^{\pi/4} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$
 - (c) Spherical. $\int_0^{\pi/4} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\phi$
 - (d) Cylindrical. $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \int_{1-r^2}^{r^2-1} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

(e) Rectangular. $\int_0^2 \int_0^{2-x} \int^{4-2x-2y} dz dy dx$

(f) Spherical. $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\pi \int_0^a \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\theta d\phi$

8. (a) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \int_0^1 \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\theta d\phi = \pi/3$

(b) $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{2\cos \phi} 2\rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\theta d\phi = 8\pi/4.$

This is twice the volume of sphere of radius 1 centered at $(0, 0, 1)$.

9. (a) Let $x/2 = u$ and $y/3 = v$, solve for u and v to get the transformation $T(u, v) = (2u, 3v)$. $\iint_S (2u + 3v)6 du dv$ where S is the unit disk. Now use polar coordinates to get

$$6 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 (2r \cos \theta + 3r \sin \theta) r dr d\theta = 0$$

- (b) Let $T(u, v) = (u - v, 2u - v)$. Since $u = y - x$, we get $0 \leq u \leq 2$. Since $v = y - 2x$, we get $-1 \leq v \leq 0$. Compute $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} = 1$.

$$\int_0^2 \int_{-1}^0 u^2 dv du = 8/3$$