## MODERN ALGEBRA I GU4041

Homework 12, due December 7: Sylow theorems and groups of SMALL ORDER

1. Let $A$ be a finite abelian group of order $N$. Let $p_{1}<p_{2}<\cdots<p_{n}$ denote the distinct prime numbers dividing $N$.
(a) Prove that $A$ has a unique Sylow $p$-subgroup $A_{i}$ of order a power of $p_{i}$ for $i=1, \ldots, n$.
(b) Show that

$$
A \xrightarrow{\sim} A_{1} \times A_{2} \times \cdots \times A_{n} .
$$

2. Construct $p$-Sylow subgroups of the symmetric groups $S_{3}, S_{4}, S_{5}$ for $p=2,3,5$.
3. Let $p>3$ be a prime number. Show that any group of order $3 p$ is solvable.
4. Show that no group of order 64 or 96 is simple. Construct two distinct non-abelian groups of each order.
5. Show that no group of order 112 is simple. (Hint: if the group $G$ is simple then it admits an injective homomorphism to the symmetric group $S_{r}$, where $r$ is the number of 2-Sylow subgroups.)
6. Judson, section 14.5, exercises 11, 12; section 15.4, exercises 1, 3, 6, 7, $9,20,22,23$. (This problem will not be graded.)

Recommended Reading
Gallagher notes 18, 19, 22, 23, 24; Judson, Chapter 15.

