## Assignment 4

Due Monday, February 28, 2011

- (1) Suppose that  $f : X \to Y \subset \mathbb{C}^2$  is a map from a Riemann surface X to an irreducible nonsingular affine plane curve Y. Prove that f is a holomorphic map to Y if and only if f is a holomorphic map to  $\mathbb{C}^2$ .
- (2) Suppose that  $f: X \to Y \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  is a map from a Riemann surface X to a nonsingular projective plane curve Y. Prove that f is a holomorphic map to Y if and only if f is a holomorphic map to  $\mathbb{P}^2$ .
- (3) Let  $f_0(z, w), f_1(z, w), f_2(z, w) \in \mathbb{C}[z, w]$  be homogeneous polynomials of the same degree, such that

$$\{(z,w) \in \mathbb{C}^2 \mid f_0(z,w) = f_1(z,w) = f_2(z,w) = 0\} = \{(0,0)\}.$$
  
Show that the map  $F : \mathbb{P}^1 \to \mathbb{P}^2$  defined by

$$F([z:w]) = [f_0(z,w): f_1(z,w): f_2(z,w)]$$

is well-defined and holomoprhic.

- (4) Recall that a lattice  $L \subset \mathbb{C}$  is an additive subgroup generated (over  $\mathbb{Z}$ ) by two complex numbers  $\omega_1$  and  $\omega_2$  which are linearly independent over  $\mathbb{R}$ . Thus  $L = \{m\omega_1 + n\omega_2 \mid m, n \in \mathbb{Z}\}.$ 
  - (a) Suppose that  $L \subset L'$  are two lattices in  $\mathbb{C}$ . Show that the natural map  $\mathbb{C}/L \to \mathbb{C}/L'$  is holomorphic, and is biholomorphic if and only if L = L'.
  - (b) Let L be a lattice in  $\mathbb{C}$  and let  $\alpha$  be a nonzero complex number. Show that  $\alpha L$  is a lattice in  $\mathbb{C}$  and that the map  $\phi : \mathbb{C}/L \to \mathbb{C}/(\alpha L)$  sending z + L to  $(\alpha z) + (\alpha L)$  is a well-defined biholomorphic map.
  - (c) Show that every torus  $\mathbb{C}/L$  is isomorphic to a torus which has the form  $\mathbb{C}/(\mathbb{Z} + \mathbb{Z}\tau)$ , where  $\tau$  is a complex number with strictly positive imaginary part.