

Mathematics G4402. Modern Geometry
 Assignment 12

Fall 2015

Due Wednesday, December 9, 2015

- (1) Let $\mathcal{H} = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid y > 0\}$ be the upper half plane. Define a Riemannian metric g on \mathcal{H} by

$$g = \frac{dx^2 + dy^2}{y^2}.$$

Prove that (\mathcal{H}, g) has constant sectional curvature -1 .

- (2) Let G be a Lie group with a bi-invariant metric $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$. Let $X, Y, Z \in \mathcal{X}(G)$ be unit left invariant vector fields on G .
- (a) Show that $\nabla_X Y = \frac{1}{2}[X, Y]$. (Hint: see do Carmo page 103, Problem 1(a).)
- (b) Conclude from (a) that $R(X, Y)Z = \frac{1}{4}[[X, Y], Z]$.
- (c) Prove that if X and Y are orthonormal then the sectional curvature $K(\sigma)$ of G with respect to the plane σ spanned by X and Y are given by

$$K(\sigma) = \frac{1}{4} \|[X, Y]\|^2$$

- (3) (2nd Bianchi identity) Let (M, g) be a Riemannian manifold. Prove that

$$\nabla R(X, Y, Z, W, T) + \nabla R(X, Y, W, T, Z) + \nabla R(X, Y, T, Z, W) = 0$$

for all $X, Y, Z, W, T \in \mathcal{X}(M)$. (Hint: see do Carmo, page 106, Problem 7.)

- (4) Let ∇ be an affine connection on a smooth n -manifold M , and let T be an (r, s) tensor on M . Let (x_1, \dots, x_n) be local coordinates on a coordinate neighborhood U in M . We use the Einstein summation convention. On U , the affine connection ∇ is given by

$$\nabla_{\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} = \Gamma_{ij}^k \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k}, \quad \Gamma_{ij}^k \in C^\infty(U),$$

and the tensor T can be written as

$$T = T_{j_1 \dots j_s}^{i_1 \dots i_r} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i_1}} \otimes \dots \otimes \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i_r}} \otimes dx_{j_1} \otimes \dots \otimes dx_{j_s},$$

where $T_{j_1 \dots j_s}^{i_1 \dots i_r} \in C^\infty(U)$. Define $T_{j_1 \dots j_s, k}^{i_1 \dots i_r} \in C^\infty(U)$ by

$$\nabla_{\frac{\partial}{\partial x_k}} T = T_{j_1 \dots j_s, k}^{i_1 \dots i_r} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i_1}} \otimes \dots \otimes \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i_r}} \otimes dx_{j_1} \otimes \dots \otimes dx_{j_s}.$$

Show that

$$T_{j_1 \dots j_s, k}^{i_1 \dots i_r} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k} T_{j_1 \dots j_s}^{i_1 \dots i_r} + \sum_{\alpha=1}^r \Gamma_{km}^{i_\alpha} T_{j_1 \dots j_s}^{i_1 \dots i_{\alpha-1} m i_{\alpha+1} \dots i_r} - \sum_{\beta=1}^s \Gamma_{k j_\beta}^m T_{j_1 \dots j_{\beta-1} m j_{\beta+1} \dots j_s}^{i_1 \dots i_r}.$$