



# Exam 1

Linear Algebra, Dave Bayer, February 13, 2007

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Answer Key

| [1] (5 pts) | [2] (5 pts) | [3] (5 pts) | [4] (5 pts) | [5] (5 pts) | TOTAL |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------|
|             |             |             |             |             |       |

Please work only one problem per page, starting with the pages provided. Clearly label your answer. If a problem continues on a new page, clearly state this fact on both the old and the new pages. Do not use calculators or decimal notation.

[1] What is the set of all solutions to the following system of equations?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \Downarrow & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & | & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \swarrow \\ \searrow \end{matrix} \\ \Downarrow & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & | & -2 \end{bmatrix} -2[2] \\ \Downarrow & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 & | & -2 \end{bmatrix} -[2] \\ \Downarrow & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \div (-4) \\ \Downarrow & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 3/2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} -[3] \\ -2[3] \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

check  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{?}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \div 2 \quad \checkmark$

answer:  $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/2 \\ -1 \\ 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$

[2] What is the set of all solutions to each of the following systems of equations?

$$\textcircled{A} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \left| \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \textcircled{B}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & | & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 1 & | & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\Downarrow \\ &\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & | & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \textcircled{1} \\ -2\textcircled{1} \end{matrix} \\ &\Downarrow \\ &\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & | & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & | & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ -2 \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$

**Ⓐ has no solutions**

$$\textcircled{B} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\uparrow$  free cols       $\uparrow$  particular       $\nwarrow$  homogeneous

$$\textcircled{B} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

check:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

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[3] Use Gaussian elimination to find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \left. \begin{array}{l} \uparrow \\ \downarrow \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 & -2 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ -2 \text{ [1]} \end{array}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} - \text{[2]} \\ \\ + \text{[2]} \end{array}$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 & 6 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} +2 \text{ [3]} \\ -3 \text{ [3]} \\ \end{array}$$

check:  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & 6 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\stackrel{?}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & 6 & -2 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

[4] Express A as a product of elementary matrices, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{swap}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-2R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{* \frac{1}{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{-3R_2} \boxed{2}$

$A = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 9 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

check

$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$

$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$



[5] Express  $A^{-1}$  as a product of elementary matrices, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

check

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & & \\ & \frac{1}{2} & \\ & & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{8} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & \\ & 1 & \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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