



Exam 2, 8:40am

Linear Algebra, Dave Bayer, November 10, 2022

Name: _____ Uni: _____

[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	Total

If you need more than one page for a problem, clearly indicate on each page where to look next for your work.

[1] By least squares, find the equation of the form $y = ax + b$ that best fits the data

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 \\ x_3 & y_3 \\ x_4 & y_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$



[2] Find the determinant of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 6 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$



[3] Find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$



[4] Find the 3×3 matrix A that projects \mathbb{R}^3 orthogonally onto the hyperplane $x + y + 3z = 0$, with respect to the usual inner product.



[5] Find the 3×3 matrix A that projects \mathbb{R}^3 orthogonally onto the hyperplane $x + y + z = 0$, with respect to the inner product

$$\langle (a, b, c), (r, s, t) \rangle = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ s \\ t \end{bmatrix}$$