Exam 1, 10:10am

Linear Algebra, Dave Bayer, October 4, 2022

Name:						Uni:
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	Total

If you need more that one page for a problem, clearly indicate on each page where to look next for your work.

[1] Solve the following system of equations.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

[2] Using matrix multiplication, count the number of paths of length nine from x to itself.



[3] Find all 2×2 matrices A that satisfy the condition

 $\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc\bigcirc$

$$A\begin{bmatrix}1\\2\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}-2\\1\end{bmatrix}$$



[4] Find a system of equations having as solution set the following affine subspace of \mathbb{R}^4 .

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \end{bmatrix}$$



[5] Find the intersection of the following two affine subspaces of \mathbb{R}^3 .

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$$