COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Number Theory and Cryptography Math UN3020 New York, 2023/05/01

Моск Ехам

Exercise 1. Prove Bernoulli's inequality, which states that if $x \in \mathbb{R}, x > 0$ and $n \in \mathbb{Z}, n > 1$, then

$$(1+x)^n > 1 + nx \,.$$

(Hint:) you can try by induction.

Exercise 2. Given integers a, b, c, show that if $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$, then 3|ab. (Hint:) use modular arithmetic.

Exercise 3. Prove that $19 \mid 2^{2^{6k+2}} + 3$ for every integer $k \ge 0$.

Exercise 4. Solve the following system of congruences.

| $\int 11x \equiv 7$ | $\pmod{12}$ |
|---------------------|-------------|
| $3x \equiv 3$ | $\pmod{20}$ |
| $2x \equiv 22$ | $\pmod{30}$ |

Exercise 5. Show that for every positive integer n, the number $n^7 - n$ is divisible by 42.

Exercise 6. Prove that, if n > 1 is odd, $\varphi(n)$ does not divide n.