## COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

Number Theory and Cryptography Math UN3020 New York, 2023/04/26

EXERCISE SHEET 14

**Review exercises** 

**Exercise 1.** Prove that, for all  $n \in \mathbb{Z}, n \ge 0$ , we have

 $3 \mid 2^{2n+1} + 1$ .

Exercise 2. Solve the following equation

 $x^{21} \equiv 1 \pmod{31}$ 

**Exercise 3.** Alice and Bob are exchanging a key using the Diffie-Helmann algorithm. Eve spies their communications. Assume they use p = 47, g = 5. They exchange the numbers X = 38, Y = 3. What is the key k?

**Exercise 4.** Use Shor's algorithm to factor the number 7097. (Hint: 2 has order 345 modulo 7097. 3 has order 1150 modulo 7097.)

**Exercise 5.** Use Shor's algorithm to factor the number 3551. (Hint: 2 has order 1716 modulo 3551, 3 has order 572 modulo 3551.)

**Exercise 6.** Show that, if p > 3 is a prime, then

 $p^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{24}$ .

(Hint: Use the Chinese remainder theorem,  $24 = 2^3 3$ .)

**Exercise 7.** Prove that there exists infinitely many positive integers n such that  $4n^2 + 1$  is divisible both by 17 and 29.

(Hint:) use modular arithmetic.