

Guided exercise:  $\widetilde{SL}_2(\mathbb{R})$  is not a matrix group.

Let  $\Phi: \widetilde{SL}_2(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow GL_n(\mathbb{R})$  be a Lie group homomorphism. You will prove that  $\text{Ker } \Phi \neq 1$ .

(a) Define a functor  $\mathbb{C} \otimes -: \text{Lie algebras}_{\mathbb{R}} \rightarrow \text{Lie algebras}_{\mathbb{C}}$  such that

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Lie alg}_{\mathbb{R}} & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{C} \otimes -} & \text{Lie alg}_{\mathbb{C}} \\ \downarrow \text{forget}_{\mathbb{R}} & & \downarrow \text{forget}_{\mathbb{C}} \\ \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{R}} & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{C} \otimes -} & \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{C}} \end{array} \quad \text{commutes.}$$

This means that we have a natural isomorphism of functors  $(\mathbb{C} \otimes -) \circ \text{forget}_{\mathbb{C}} = \text{forget}_{\mathbb{R}} \circ (\mathbb{C} \otimes -)$ .

This is called complexification.

(b) Take  $\varphi = \text{Lie}(\Phi)$  and complexify it to get  $\varphi_{\mathbb{C}}: \mathfrak{sl}_2(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow \mathfrak{gl}_n(\mathbb{C})$ . Argue that you can lift this to a real Lie group homomorphism  $\Psi: SL_2(\mathbb{C}) \rightarrow GL_n(\mathbb{C})$ .

(c) Restrict  $\Psi$  to  $SL_2(\mathbb{R}) \subseteq SL_2(\mathbb{C})$  to get  $\Psi_{\mathbb{R}}: SL_2(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow GL_n(\mathbb{C})$ . Prove that  $\text{Lie}(\Psi_{\mathbb{R}}) = \varphi$ .

(d) Let  $\pi: \widetilde{SL}_2(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow SL_2(\mathbb{R})$  be the projection map. Use the fully-faithfulness of  $\text{Lie}(-)$  to show that  $\Psi_{\mathbb{R}} \circ \pi = \Phi$ .

(e) Conclude that  $\text{Ker}(\Phi) \supseteq \text{Ker}(\pi)$  and therefore  $\Phi$  is not injective.

Remark: complexifications are also defined for Lie groups, and in this case the complexification of  $\widetilde{SL}_2(\mathbb{R})$  is actually  $SL_2(\mathbb{C})$ .