

# Problems 07

Due: Friday, 3 March 2023 before 17:00 EST

**P7.1.** Let  $m$  and  $n$  be positive integers. When  $m$  divides  $n$ , confirm that there exists a ring homomorphism from  $\mathbb{Z}/\langle n \rangle$  to  $\mathbb{Z}/\langle m \rangle$ .

**P7.2.** Let  $U_3(\mathbb{Z})$  be the subset of all upper triangular  $(3 \times 3)$ -matrices with integer entries;

$$U_3(\mathbb{Z}) := \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ 0 & a_4 & a_5 \\ 0 & 0 & a_6 \end{bmatrix} \mid a_1, a_2, \dots, a_6 \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}.$$

- (i) Verify that  $U_3(\mathbb{Z})$  is a subring of the ring of all  $(3 \times 3)$ -matrices with integer entries.
- (ii) Given the matrix

$$\mathbf{N} := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix},$$

let  $\eta: \mathbb{Z}[x] \rightarrow U_3(\mathbb{Z})$  be the ring homomorphism defined by

$$\eta(a_m x^m + a_{m-1} x^{m-1} + \dots + a_1 x + a_0) = a_m \mathbf{N}^m + a_{m-1} \mathbf{N}^{m-1} + \dots + a_1 \mathbf{N} + a_0 \mathbf{I}.$$

Find a polynomial  $g$  in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  such that  $\text{Ker}(\eta) = \langle g \rangle$ .

**P7.3.** Consider the ideal  $I := \langle 1 + 2i \rangle$  in the ring  $\mathbb{Z}[i] := \{a + bi \in \mathbb{C} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  of Gaussian integers. Let  $R := \mathbb{Z}[i]/I$  be the quotient ring.

- (i) Are the cosets  $i + I$  and  $2 + I$  equal in  $R$ ?
- (ii) Are the cosets  $4 + I$  and  $-1 + I$  equal in  $R$ ?
- (iii) How many elements does  $R$  have?
- (iv) Is  $R$  a field?