

## Practice Problems

Linear Algebra, Dave Bayer, February 12, 2011

These are supplemental practice problems for our first exam.

- [1] Find a system of equations having as solution set the following affine subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

This looks like a solution set found after row-reducing into the form

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & z & z \\ 0 & 1 & z & z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

we first fill in

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 4 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

and now compute

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

giving

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

check by plugging in for  $\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$ .

[2] Find a system of equations having as solution set the following affine subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

We expect  $4-1=3$  equations.

Find three independent rows using the pattern  $(a,b) \cdot (b,-a) = 0$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 3 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Now plug in to find right hand side:

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 3 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

giving

$$\boxed{\left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 3 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}}$$

check:

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 3 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

QED

[3] Find a system of equations having as solution set the following affine subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

We solve  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} = 0$  to find two equations.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

has a basis of solutions  $[1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1], [0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0]$ .

Now plug in to find right hand side :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

giving

$$\boxed{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}}$$

check :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

✓

[4] Find the intersection of the following two affine subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

We combine these equations

$$\begin{array}{c} \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 6 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 & -4 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 & -3 & -6 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 4 & 8 \end{array} \right] \\ \Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

with solution set

$$\boxed{\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}}$$

check:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

✓

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

∅

[5] Find the intersection of the following two affine subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}}_{\left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right]} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

we plug in:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{or } s=t$$

so

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

rescaling,

$$\boxed{\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}}$$

(Compare with (4). This is the same problem.)

[6] Find the intersection of the following two affine subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{vector } v_1} + s \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{vector } v_2$$

We plug in:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} s+t &= 2 \\ s &= 2-t \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + (2-t) \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

giving

$$\boxed{\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}}$$

(Compare with ④⑤ Again, same problem.)

[7] Find the intersection of the following two affine subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

$$(*) \quad \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

We set these expressions equal to each other:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + 9 \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + r \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ r \\ s \\ t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(funny column order saves steps!)

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} -2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 & -1 & -2 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} -2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} -2 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} -3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

giving free

$$\begin{bmatrix} q \\ r \\ s \\ t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + u \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

plug back into (\*)

$$\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + u \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + u \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + u \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

rescaling,

$$\boxed{\begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + u \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}}$$

(Again, same problem)  
see ④, ⑤, ⑥