

Exam 3

Linear Algebra, Dave Bayer, 10:10 AM, April 16, 2013

Name: _____ Uni: _____

[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	Total

If you need more than one page for a problem, clearly indicate on each page where to look next for your work.

[1] Compute the determinant of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 & 2 \\ 2 & 9 & 6 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

[2] Find w/z where

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ 1 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$w/z = \det \boxed{\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 5 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 \end{array}} / \det \boxed{\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}}$$

{ 2 } { -3 }

triangular after col swaps

$$\boxed{w/z = -2/3}$$

check $a, b, c, d = 1, 0, 0, 0$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad w=1$$

$z = -3/2$

$$w/z = 1/-3/2 = -2/3 \quad \text{✓}$$

[3] Compute A^n for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{sum} = \text{trace} = 1 \quad \lambda = -3, 4$$

$$\text{prod} = \det = -12$$

$$\lambda = -3 \quad A + 3I : \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$A - 4I : \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}_{\text{if}}$$

$$A^n = (-3)^n \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}_{\text{if}} + 4^n \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix}_{\text{if}}$$

check:

$n=0$	I	\checkmark
$n=1$	A	$\begin{bmatrix} -15+8 & 6+8 \\ 15+20 & -6+20 \end{bmatrix}$

[4] Find the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{sum} = \text{trace} = -1$$

$$\text{prod} = \det = 1 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} - 2 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} + (-1) \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 8 - 4 = 4$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{c} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{c} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{c} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{array} \right| = -5 + 1 = -4$$

$$\lambda = -2, -1, 2 ? \quad -2(-1) + (-2)2 + (-1)2 = 2 - 4 - 2 = -4 \quad \textcircled{O}$$

$$\lambda = -2 \quad A + 2I : \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \quad \textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} = [5 \ 3 \ 0]$$

$$\lambda = -1 \quad A + I : \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\lambda = 2 \quad A - 2I : \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \quad \textcircled{2} - \textcircled{3} = [0 \ -4 \ 4]$$

$\lambda = -2 \ (3, -5, -1)$
$\lambda = -1 \ (1, -2, -2)$
$\lambda = 2 \ (1, 1, 1)$

check:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ -5 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 & 2 \\ 10 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \textcircled{O}$$

[5] Compute A^n for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -4 & 4 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

trace = 3

det = 0

$$\left| \begin{array}{ccc} 4 & -4 & 4 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 4 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right| + \left| \begin{array}{ccc} -2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right| = 0 + 4 - 2 = 2$$

$$-|A - \lambda I| = \lambda^3 - 3\lambda^2 + 2\lambda = \lambda(\lambda-1)(\lambda-2) \quad \lambda=0,1,2$$

$$\lambda=0 \quad A: \begin{bmatrix} 4-4 & 4 \\ 2-2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\lambda=1 \quad A-I: \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\lambda=2 \quad A-2I: \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 & 4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} / 1$$

$$\begin{array}{|ccc|} \hline 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$A^n = 0^n \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 1^n \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + 2^n \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

need for check

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$n=0 \quad I \quad \text{✓}$$

$$n=1 \quad A \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -4 & 4 \\ 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{✓}$$