

Second midterm

Dave Bayer, Modern Algebra, November 9, 1997

Please solve 5 of the following 6 problems. Each problem is worth 5 points for a total of 25 points. I will also award up to 5 bonus points (recorded separately) for particularly impressive examinations.

[1] Define a *vector space*. Define a *spanning set*, a *linearly independent set*, and a *basis*. Define the *dimension* of a vector space.

[2] Let $\mathbf{F}_{31991} = \mathbb{Z}/31991\mathbb{Z}$ be the finite field with 31991 elements.

(a) What is the order of the group of invertible elements of \mathbf{F}_{31991} ?

(b) Find the multiplicative inverse of 2 mod 31991, any way you can. Check your answer.

[3] Let V be a finite-dimensional vector space over a field F , and suppose that v_1, \dots, v_n spans V . Prove that v_1, \dots, v_n contains a basis of V .

[4] Let V and W be finite-dimensional vector spaces over a field F , and let $A : V \rightarrow W$ be a linear transformation. Prove that

$$\dim(V) = \dim(\ker A) + \dim(\operatorname{im} A).$$

[5] Let W_1, \dots, W_n be n subspaces of a finite-dimensional vector space V over a field F . Prove that

$$\dim(W_1 + \dots + W_n) \leq \dim(W_1) + \dots + \dim(W_n).$$

[6] Let V be an n -dimensional vector space over a field F , and let $A : V \rightarrow V$ be a linear transformation such that $A^2 = 0$. Find a basis

$$v_1, \dots, v_m, \quad v_{m+1}, \dots, v_{2m}, \quad v_{2m+1}, \dots, v_n$$

for V , such that

$$Av_i = 0 \text{ for } i = 1, \dots, m,$$

$$Av_i = v_{i-m} \text{ for } i = m + 1, \dots, 2m,$$

$$Av_i = 0 \text{ for } i = 2m + 1, \dots, n.$$

Prove that v_1, \dots, v_n is a basis for V .