## **INTRODUCTION TO HIGHER MATHEMATICS V2000**

Homework, week 3, due September 29

From Dumas, McCarthy, Second Edition, Chapters 2 and 3.

1. In this exercise angles are expressed in radians. Consider the relation on angles  $\alpha \sim \alpha'$  if  $\alpha - \alpha'$  is an integer multiple of  $2\pi$ .

(a) Show that this is an equivalence relation (cf. Example 2.23 from Dumas-McCarthy).

(b) Let  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  be two angles. Using the familiar trigonometric formulas for  $\sin(\alpha + \beta)$  and  $\cos(\alpha + \beta)$ , show that,

$$\alpha \sim \alpha' \Rightarrow \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin(\alpha' + \beta) \ \forall \beta;$$
  
$$\beta \sim \beta' \Rightarrow \cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos(\alpha + \beta') \ \forall \alpha.$$

2. Exercises 2.15, 2.16, 2,19. (Review Examples 2.33 and 2.34.)

3. (a) Exercise 2.17 in the following form: Let n be a positive integer and let [n] be its residue modulo 3. Let m denote the sum of the digits of n; e.g., if n = 451 then m = 4 + 5 + 1; and let [m] be the residue of m modulo 3. Show that [m] = [n].

(b) (Optional) Do Exercise 2.18.

4. Exercises 2.22, 2.26, 3.1 part (i), 3.2, 3.3, 3.4