

**SPEAKER:** Mariusz Wodzicki

**TITLE:** Surprises in homology

**ABSTRACT:** The Weyl algebra,  $A_1 = k[x, \partial]/([\partial, x] = 1)$ , is the algebra  $\mathcal{D}$  of differentials on the affine line only when  $k$  is a  $\mathbb{Q}$ -algebra. When  $k$  is a ring of algebraic integers or a ring of characteristic  $p > 0$ , then  $\mathcal{D}$  is infinitely more complex, with the arithmetic of binomial coefficients entering as part of its structure. Homology of this algebra, however, is as remarkable as it is surprising...